## **General Demographics for Residents Surveyed**

The first table of demographics uses simple descriptive statistics to give a basic picture of the types of people who were surveyed. It appears there was a pretty even split between males and females. The people surveyed tended to be of young middle age. The average number of children in the household was between 0 and 1 so larger families were not as largely represented. The average income is hard to measure as it can easily be skewed by a couple of \$200,000-400,000 responses. For this reason, the median gives a more reliable depiction of the typical resident's income.

**Demographics of Residents** 

Demographics Categories	N	Mean	Std. Dev.	Median
Gender (percentage of males)	194	0.52	0.501	
Age	190	38.85	14.257	
Children in Household	190	0.6	0.964	
Income	156	109,100	349,372.95	70,000

Because of the nature of the data for education level, a mean cannot be used as an accurate representation. For education, a simple frequency is given for each reported education level. Almost half of people surveyed have a bachelor's degree, with only 6.6 percent of people possessing no college experience at all.

**Education Level of Residents** 

Education Level	Frequency	Percent
Some High School	5	2.5
High School Degree	8	4.1
Some college	48	24.7
B.S. or B.A	94	48.5
M.S. or equivalent	30	15.5
Ph.D./terminal degree	9	4.6
Total	194	100

The data for ethnicity has to be reported in the same manner as that of education. This data reveals a predominantly white sample, with only a couple of responses indicating a race other than white. This question, along with income, had a lower response rate and therefore a smaller sample size, than most other questions.

**Race of Residents** 

Race	Frequency	Percent
White	161	93.6
Black	6	3.5
Other	3	1.7
Hispanic	2	1.2
Total	172	100